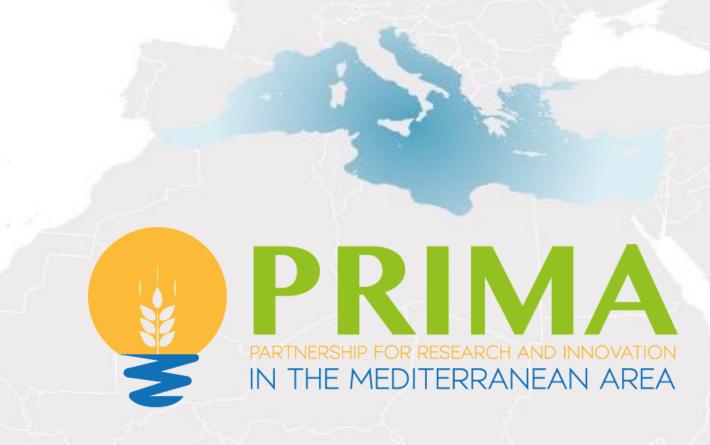
## The PRIMA 2019 Annual Work Plan



Antonella Autino
PRIMA Foundation - Project Coordinator

**#PRIMAinfoday** 

### Table of Contents

- Strategic orientation & highlights of Call 2019
  - Content of the Calls
  - Type of Actions
  - Budget
  - Calendar
  - Topics description



## What are the highlights for 2019 Calls



### **Enhance innovation potential in the Mediterranean Area**

- Open the way to Living labs (open innovation model)
- Promote a multi-actor approach (H2020)
- Increase the number of Innovation Actions



## What are the highlights for 2019 Calls



### New areas and opportunities by:

- Water-Environment-Food Nexus.
- Capacity building
- Focus on impacts

















## Monitoring impacts KPIs

KPIs present in all type of Actions



KPI Improved capacity of R&I organisations
KPI New practices for R&I organisations



**KPI 1** Number of new modelling routines

**KPI 2** Number of efficiency enhanced technologies for wastewater treatment

**KPI 3** Number of new irrigation technologies and protocols



KPI 4 Number of new varieties/species adaptable to climate change;

KPI 5 Number of integrated solutions for pest and diseases management for plant and animal production systems;



KPI 7 Number of new food products with enhanced shelf-life, quality and healthy related beneficial properties;

KPI 8 Number of innovative solutions aimed to improve quality control mechanisms and techniques throughout supply chains;

KPI 9 Number of business models for quality and sustainability



KPI Start-ups created adopting organisational and technological innovation



# PRIMA implementation **Programme Structure**



#### SECTION 1

Transnational calls for proposals



#### SECTION 2

Transnational calls for proposals



#### SECTION 3

PSIAs and activities supporting programme operations

Call publication

Proposal evaluation and selection

Projects funded by

Projects monitored by

Rules for participation



PRIMA-IS



PRIMA-IS





with derogations set by Decision (EU) 2017/1324





















### SRIA Priorities in PRIMA AWP 2018





Priority 2 Sustainable, integrated water management

Priority 3 Irrigation technologies and practices

Priority 4 Use of alternative water resources



Priority 1 Adaptation of agriculture to climate change

**▶** Priority 2 Developing sustainable and productive agro-ecosystems

Priority 3 Preventing and control animal and plant diseases

Priority 4 Developing farming systems able to generate income, to create employment and to contribute to a balanced territorial development



Priority 1 Valorising food from the Mediterranean diet

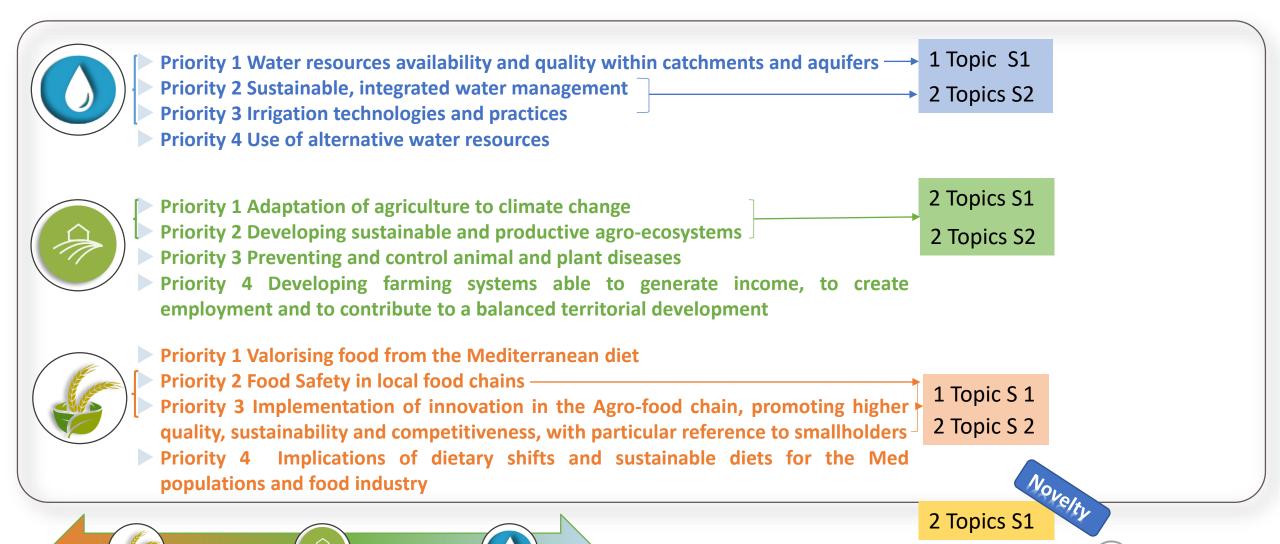
Priority 2 Food Safety in local food chains

Priority 3 Implementation of innovation in the Agro-food chain, promoting higher quality, sustainability and competitiveness, with particular reference to smallholders

Priority 4 Implications of dietary shifts and sustainable diets for the Med populations and food industry



### SRIA Priorities in PRIMA AWP 2019



## Indicative PRIMA Call 2019 Content

**Section 1, four Calls** 

#### THEMATIC AREAS



1. Thematic area water management



2. Thematic area farming system



3. Thematic area food value chain

4. Thematic area Nexus



### Section 2, a single multi-topic Call

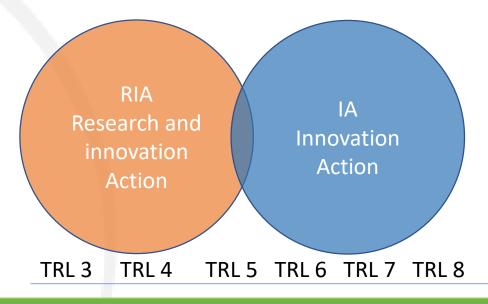
#### **THEMATIC AREA:**

Agro-Food value chain, Farming systems, Management of water



## Type of Actions





CSA Coordination and Support Action, NO links with TRLs



RIA\*
Research and
Innovation
Actions

<sup>\*</sup> Analogous to RIA, According to National Regulations

## Strategic Priorities Allocation of Topics in 2019 Calls



- Priority 1 Water resources availability and quality within catchments and aquifers
- Priority 2 Sustainable, integrated water management
- **▶** Priority 3 Irrigation technologies and practices



- **▶** Priority 1 Adaptation of agriculture to climate change
- **▶** Priority 2 Developing sustainable and productive agro-ecosystems



- Priority 2 Food Safety in local food chains
- Priority 3 Implementation of innovation in the Agro-food chain, promoting higher quality, sustainability and competitiveness, with particular reference to smallholders

TOPICS S2

RIA 1.1.1

RIA2.1.2

RIA2.1.1

RIA 1.2.1

IA 1.2.2 RIA 2.2.1

RIA 2.3.1

IA 1.3.1

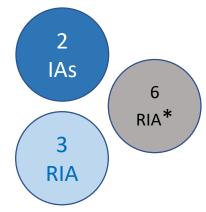
RIA 2.3.2







1 CSA



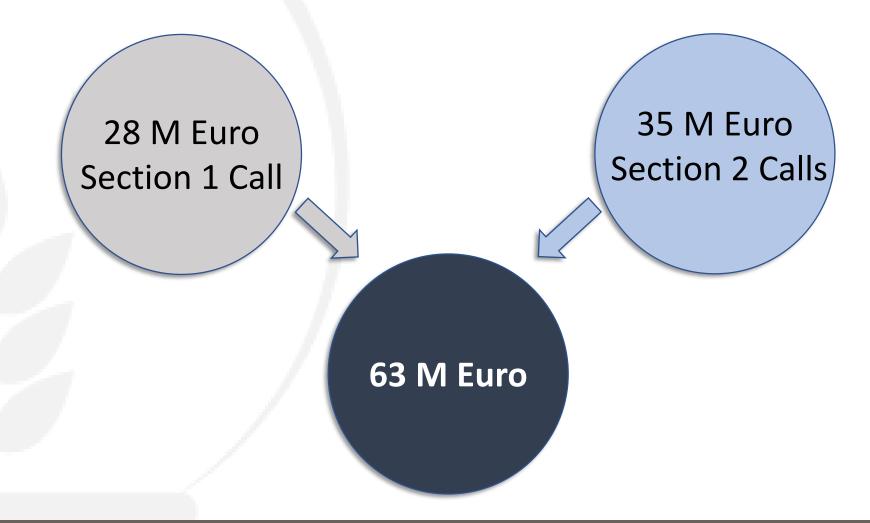
RIA 1.4.1 CSA 1.4.2

Section and call	Call	Total Call Budget	Budget per Topic	Type of Action	N. of expected grants	TRL	Funding Rate	Expected duration of projects	Total Budget per Section
Section 1	1-Call Water	6.400.000	6.400.000	RIA	Up to 4	3 to 5	100%	36-48 Months	28 M
	2-Call Farming	10.900.000	4.500.000	RIA	Up to 3	3 to 5	100%	36-48 Months	
			6.400.000	IA	Up to 4	5 to 8	70 or 100%	36-48 Months	
	3-Call Agro-food	6.400.000	6.400.000	IA	Up to 4	5 to 8	70 or 100%	36-48 Months	
	4-Call Nexus	4.300.000	3.200.000	RIA	Up to 2	3 to 5	100%	36-48 Months	
			1.100.000	CSA	1	NA	100%	Appr. 36 Months	
Section 2	Single call	34.950.000	34.950.000	RIA	Appr. 35	NA	depending on National Regulations	36 Months	35 M
Total					Appr. 53				63 M Euro



## Total Budget for 2019 Calls

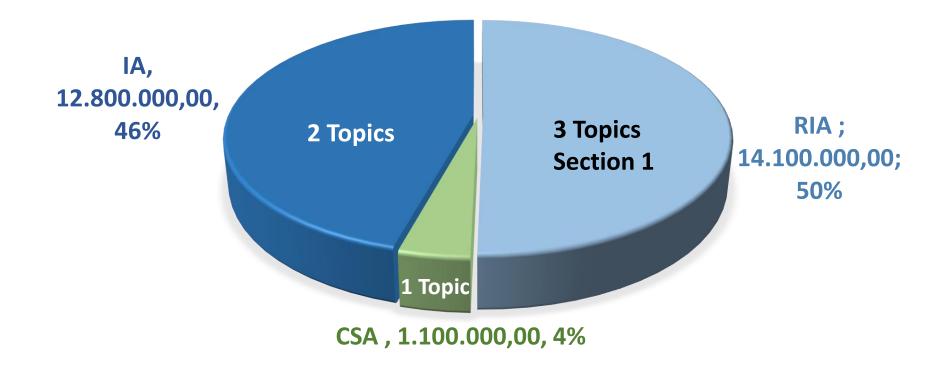






## Section 1 Calls Budget/Type of Action



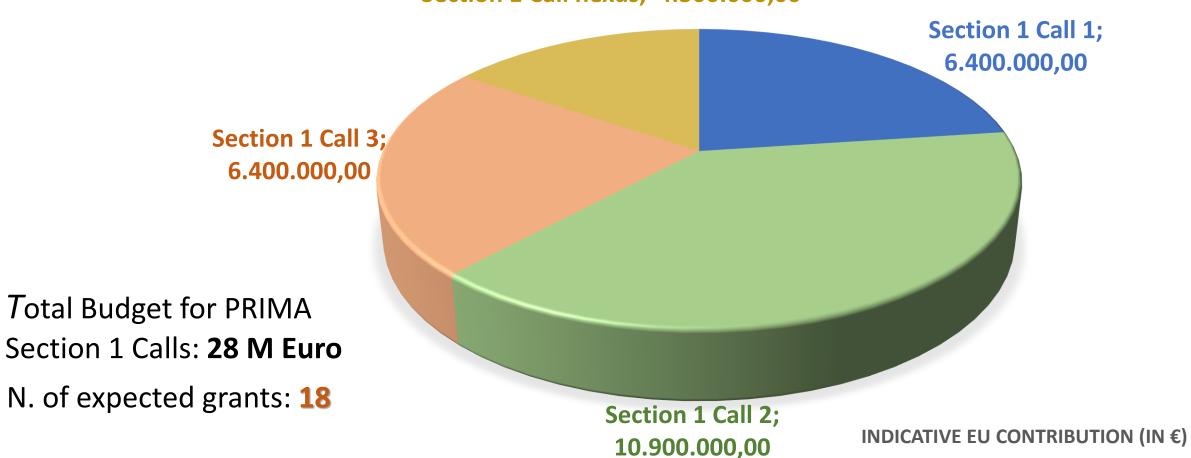




## Section 1 Calls Budget/Thematic Area



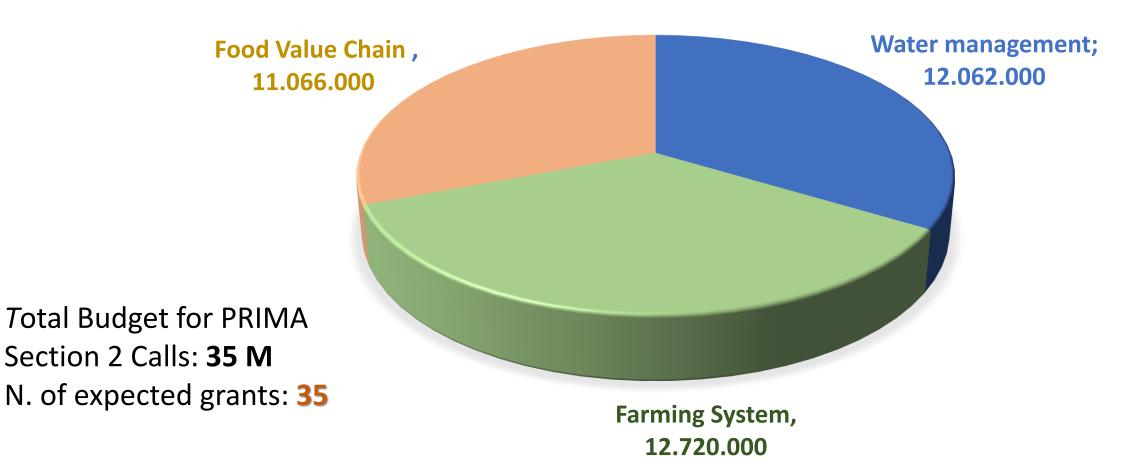






## Section 2 Calls Budget/Thematic Area











### Call launch: 18 December 2018 -Open for proposals



Call closure Stage 1: Submission of pre-proposals → 21 February S2

28 February S1

Evaluation process Results → 17-20 May S1 10 June S2



Call closure Stage 2: Submission of full proposals → 16 July S1

4 September S2

Results Announcement: tentative December 2019

**Signature of grant agreements:** (max 8 months after the full proposals submission deadline)

## Standard eligibility conditions

The minimum number of participants is three.

Consortia must be composed by at least three independent legal entities established in three different countries considered to be PRIMA Participating States, of which:

- At least one is established in a EU Member State (Croatia, Cyprus, France, Germany, Greece, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Portugal, Slovenia, Spain)
- At least one is an established in a third country bordering the Mediterranean Sea: Algeria, Tunisia, Turkey, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Egypt, Morocco.







**▶** Priority 2 Sustainable, integrated water management

Priority 3 Irrigation technologies and practices



**▶** Priority 1 Adaptation of agriculture to climate change

**▶** Priority 2 Developing sustainable and productive agro-ecosystems



**▶** Priority 2 Food Safety in local food chains

Priority 3 Implementation of innovation in the Agro-food chain, promoting higher quality, sustainability and competitiveness, with particular reference to smallholders







TOPICS S1 TOPICS S2

**RIA 1.1.1** 

RIA2.1.2

**RIA2.1.1** 

**RIA 1.2.1** 

IA 1.2.2 RIA 2.2.1

RIA 2.2.2

**RIA 2.3.1** 

IA 1.3.1

RIA 2.3.2

RIA 1.4.1

CSA 1.4.2

6 topics S1 6 topics

**S2** 

## Management of water – Calls and topics 2019



- Priority 1 Water resources availability and quality within catchments and aquifers
- Priority 2 Sustainable, integrated water management
- ► Priority 3 Irrigation technologies and practices

S1 S2

RIA 1.1.1

RIA2.1.1

RIA2.1.2

#### Thematic Area Water management

Topic 1.1.1 RIA Sustainable groundwater management in water-stressed Mediterranean areas

#### Thematic Area 1-Water management:

- Topic 2.1.1 RIA Bridging the gap between potential and actual irrigation performance in the Mediterranean
- Topic 2.1.2 RIA Management of low quality waters under water scarcity and climate change conditions



# Topic 1.1.1 RIA Sustainable groundwater management in water-stressed Mediterranean areas

### Challenge

Underground water bodies threatened by:

- overexploitation and pollution
- salinisation due to seawater intrusion (coastal areas)







Unbearable pressure on farming activities and ecosystems!

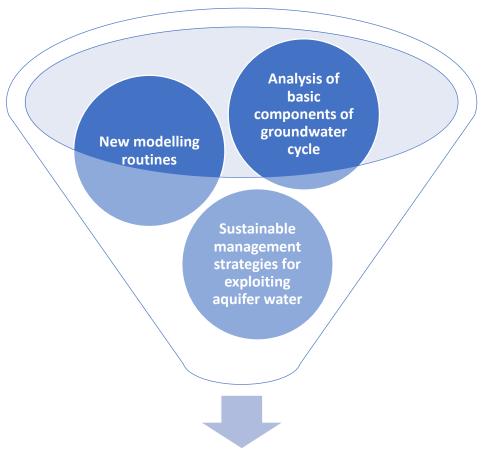


Topic 1.1.1 RIA Sustainable groundwater management in water-stressed

Mediterranean areas

**Impact** 





**Improvement** of groundwater resources' **resilience and security** 



# Topic 2.1.1 RIA Bridging the gap between potential and actual irrigation performance in the Mediterranean

Challenge

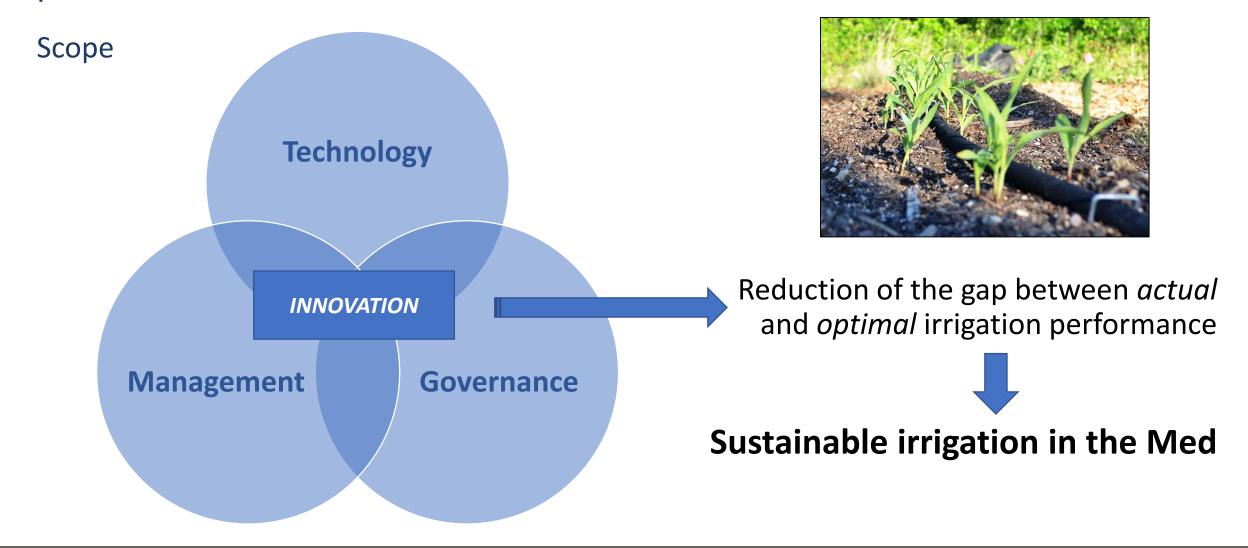
Irrigation = largest water-consuming activity in the Mediterranean basin



Wide gap between actual water balances and optimum irrigation performance!



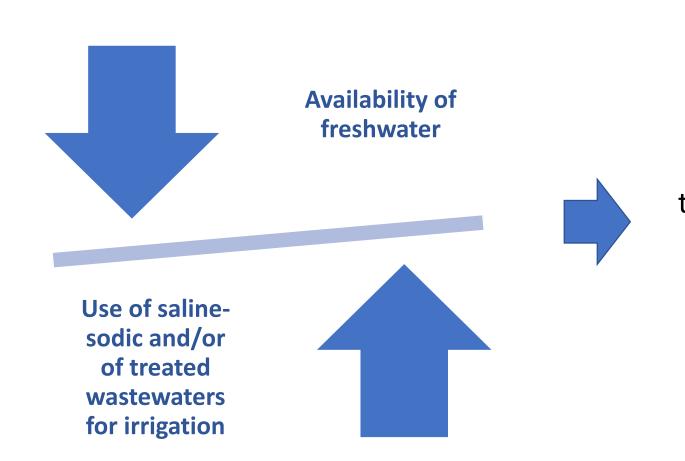
Topic 2.1.1 RIA Bridging the gap between potential and actual irrigation performance in the Mediterranean





# Topic 2.1.2 RIA Management of low quality waters under water scarcity and climate change conditions

### Challenge



### **Site-specific management options**

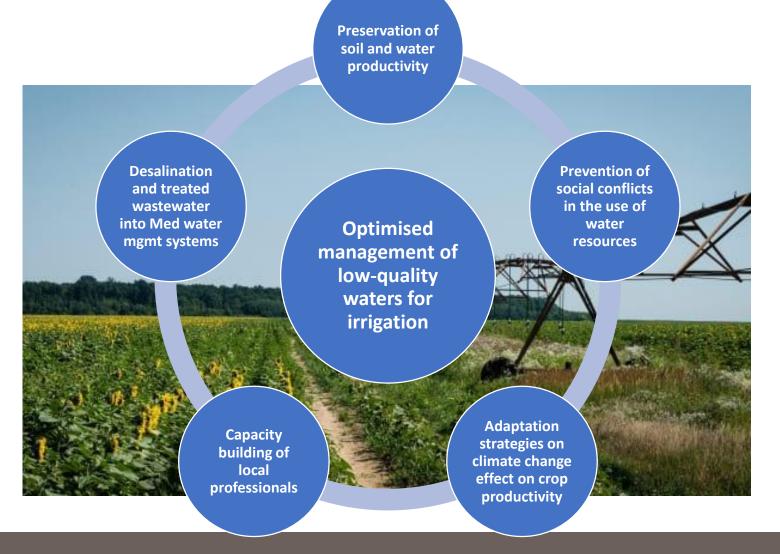
to achieve sustainable use of low-quality waters in areas susceptible to salinisation/sodification



Topic 2.1.2 RIA Management of low quality waters under water scarcity and

climate change conditions

**Impact** 





### Thematic Area Farming systems topics in 2019 calls



- Priority 1 Adaptation of agriculture to climate change
- Priority 2 Developing sustainable and productive agro-ecosystems

RIA 1.2.1 IA 1.2.2 RIA 2.2.1 RIA 2.2.2

#### Section 1

- Topic 1.2.1 RIA Conserving water and soil in Mediterranean dry-farming, smallholder agriculture.
- Topic 1.2.2 IA Sustainability and competitiveness of Mediterranean greenhouse and intensive horticulture

#### Section 2

- Topic 2.2.1 RIA Small scale farming systems innovation.
- 2 Topic 2.2.2 RIA Use and management of biodiversity as a major lever of sustainability in farming systems



# SECTION 1: Topic 1.2.1 RIA Conserving water and soil in Mediterranean dry-farming, smallholder agriculture

### Challenge

### **Conservation Agriculture**









Save water

Conservation soil

low cost solution

NOT ADOPTED IN THE MED AREA: WHY?



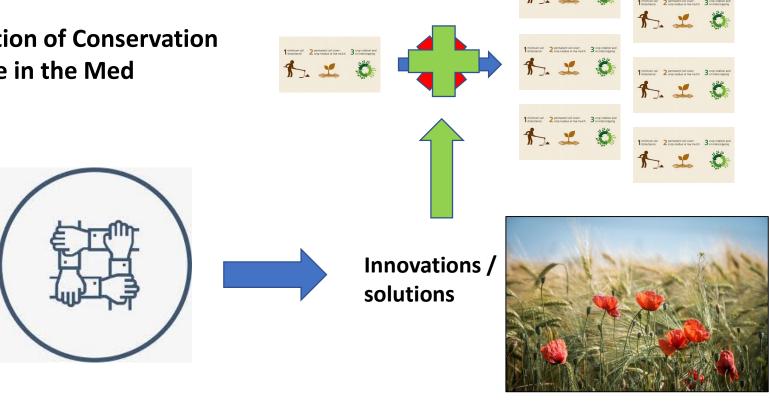
# SECTION 1: Topic 1.2.1 RIA Conserving water and soil in Mediterranean dry-farming, smallholder agriculture

### Scope

Identify the barriers for the adoption of Conservation Agriculture and to promote its use in the Med

#### What are the limitation?

- SOCIO ECONOMICS BARRIERS ?
- TECHNICAL / TECHNOLOGICAL BARRIERS ?
- POLICIES GAPS?
- Multidisciplinary and intersectorial approach





# Topic 1.2.1 RIA Conserving water and soil in Mediterranean dry-farming, smallholder agriculture

### **Expected Impacts**



## 4/ SMART AND SUSTAINABLE FARMING

To develop smart and environmentally sustainable farming systems to maintain natural resources and to increase production efficiency

- Policies-technologies-products Co designed with the farmers that will facilitate the adoption of CA
- Cropping systems limiting soil erosion and increasing the water plant availability based on Conservation Agriculture concept
- Eco friendly farming systems providing benefits for the end-users
- Improve fertility of soils and yields



### SECTION 1: 1.2.2 | A Sustainability and competitiveness of Mediterranean greenhouses and intensive horticulture

### Challenge

•Greenhouses and intensive horticulture can produce food all

year round

•Important for the international trade and food security







# SECTION 1: 1.2.2 IA Sustainability and competitiveness of Mediterranean greenhouse and intensive

### **Expected impacts**

• Innovative and Competitive systems preserving the resources

and the environment

Improve working conditions

Digital tools to assist the farmers

Production of safe, healthy, Organic food













### SECTION 2: Topic 2.2.1 RIA Small scale farming systems innovation

### Challenge

Small farmers are the main food producers but ...



**Hard living conditions** 

Lack of information / coordination among small farmers









### SECTION 2: Topic 2.2.1 RIA Small scale farming systems innovation

### Creation of living labs: a tool to make innovation available to users















- Can be physical or virtual
- Provide /test solutions and innovations tailored made for small holders
- Based on agro ecological principles
- Continuous exchange between all the actors
- Ensure training and capacity building



# SECTION 2: Topic 2.2.2 RIA Use and management of biodiversity as a major lever of sustainability in farming systems

### Challenge

3 crops: maize – wheat – Rice represents more than 50% of the vegetal calories consumed in the word

Monoculture damage soil and water resources

Intensive use of chemicals

Med area is a hotspot a biodiversity





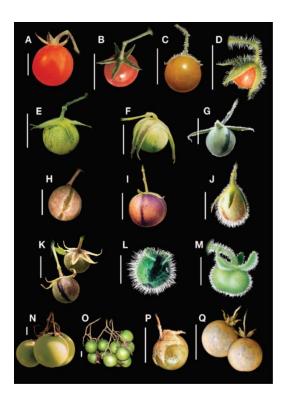






# SECTION 2: Topic 2.2.2 RIA Use and management of biodiversity as a major lever of sustainability in farming systems

Scope: Develop farming systems based on agro ecological principles using and valorising local biodiversity



- Increase the biodiversity increase the resilience of the system
- New food products
- Interdisciplinary and inter-sectorial approach
- Ecological and Socio economic analysis of the sustainability of the system







SECTION 2: Topic 2.2.2 RIA Use and management of biodiversity as a major lever of sustainability in farming systems

#### **Expected Impacts**

- Increase the resilience of Agro ecosystems
- Give added value to the final / new product to increase the incomes of the farmers
- Protect and Valorise the local biodiversity







### Thematic Area Food value chain topics in 2019 calls

- **▶** Priority 2 Food Safety in local food chains
- Priority 3 Implementation of innovation in the Agro-food chain, promoting higher quality, sustainability and competitiveness, with particular reference to smallholders

#### Section 1

Topic 1.3.1 IA Implementation of analytical tools and digital technology to achieve traceability & authenticity control of traditional Mediterranean foods.

#### Section 2

- Topic 2.3.1 RIA Extending shelf-life of perishable Mediterranean food products
- Topic 2.3.2 RIA Enhancing horizontal and vertical integration in Mediterranean agrofood value-chains



Topic 1.3.1 IA Implementation of analytical tools and digital technology to achieve traceability & authenticity control of traditional Mediterranean foods.

#### SCOPE

- Development and implementation of analytical tools and technologies to achieve **traceability**, and to confirm **authenticity** of Mediterranean foods.
- Providing a robust certification and control bodies as well as creating trans-national networks of laboratories, validating and harmonizing protocols, sharing open-data on food products of the Mediterranean tradition.
- Building capacities of key enabling technologies.
- Optimising the use of pre-existing databases and networking



Topic 1.3.1 A Implementation of analytical tools and digital technology to achieve traceability & authenticity control of traditional Mediterranean foods.

#### **IMPACT**

- > Improve confidence of consumers;
- > Assessing food traceability and safety.
- Increased added-value for Mediterranean food products;
- Foster **joint integrative activities** with existing data base networks & infrastructures in the health & food domain;
- > Improve harmonization and data interoperability







#### Topic 2.3.1 RIA Extending shelf-life of perishable Mediterranean food products

#### **CHALLENGES**











Topic 2.3.1 RIA Extending shelf-life of perishable Mediterranean food products

#### **SCOPE**

- Reduce post-farming food losses, also extending shelf-life of perishable
   Mediterranean foods
- Public Awareness and Capacity building
- Multi-actor approach: engaging retailers, consumers or other stakeholders including SMEs and facilitating the cooperation between different stakeholders
- Sharing of good practices

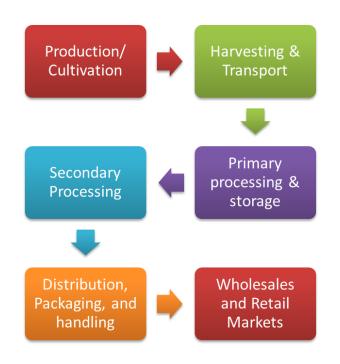
# Topic 2.3.2 RIA Enhancing horizontal and vertical integration in Mediterranean agro-food value-chains

# <u>CHALLENGES</u>



**Smallholders** 





Value-Chain Complexity



Topic 2.3.2 RIA Enhancing horizontal and vertical integration in Mediterranean agro-food value-chains

#### **SCOPE**

- Strengthen the **vertical** (from production to consumption) and **horizontal** (collaboration between actors in the same segment of the same or other connected value chains) **integration** of the Mediterranean agro-food value-chains.
- Promote different forms of innovation, i.e. organizational;
- Multi-actor approach
- Innovative mechanisms and tools supporting chain's leaders to induce greater profitability and decision making





RIA 1.4.1 CSA 1.4.2

#### **Nexus theme**

- Topic 1.4.1 RIA Assessing social, technical and economic benefits of a cross-sectoral governance of the Water-Ecosystems-Food Nexus.
- Topic 1.4.2 CSA Platform for mapping and capitalisation of best practices from on-going and past experiences related to Farming system, Water management and Food Value chain in the Med. area



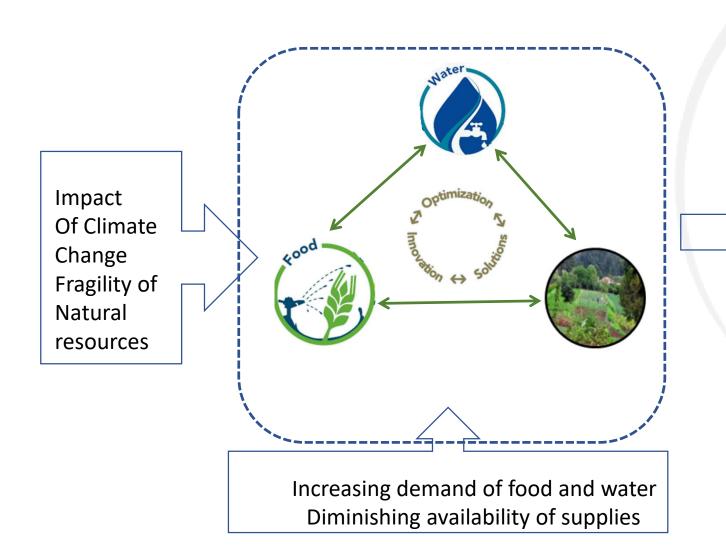


**Topic 1.4.1.** 

RIA Assessing social, technical and economic benefits of a cross-sectoral governance of the Water-Ecosystems-Food Nexus



# The Nexus approch



 Guide policy-making towards integrated solutions and approaches to resource use

- -Generate shared economic, environmental and societal benefits
- Resilient productive agro ecosystems



## Scope

✓ Existing WEF-related initiatives exist in the Med. Region

Assessment

- -Identification of the obstacles
- Identification of solutions to overcome the identified obstacles
- Target Nexus-based measures

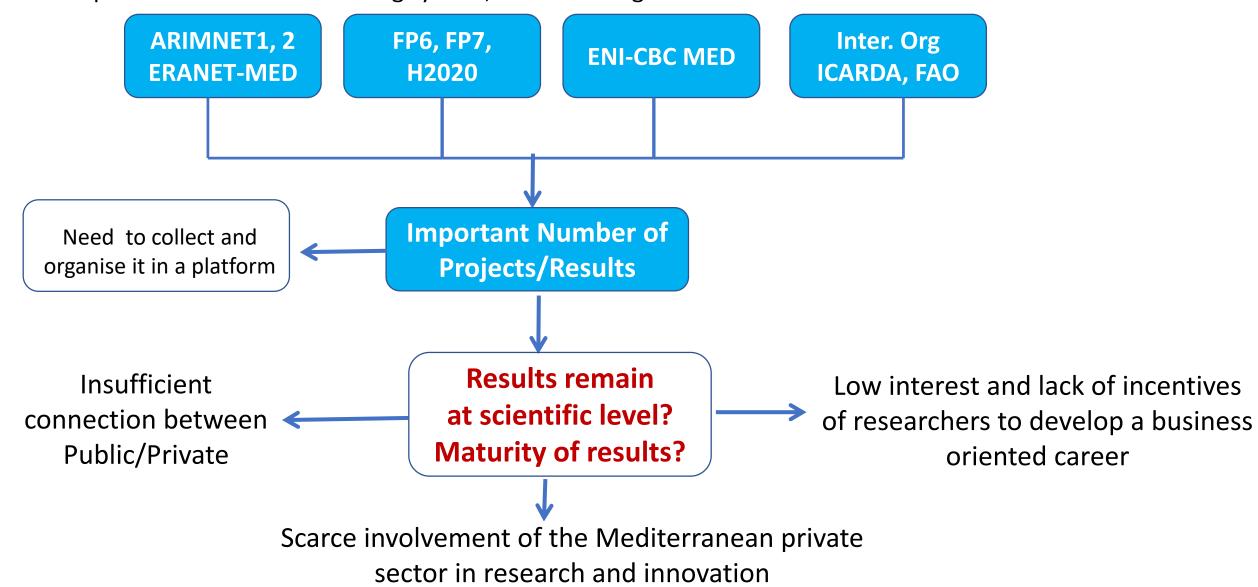
✓ Development of new approches and tools

Demonstration case studies on the advantages of cross-institutional and sectoral planning of water resources in the Mediterranean region.

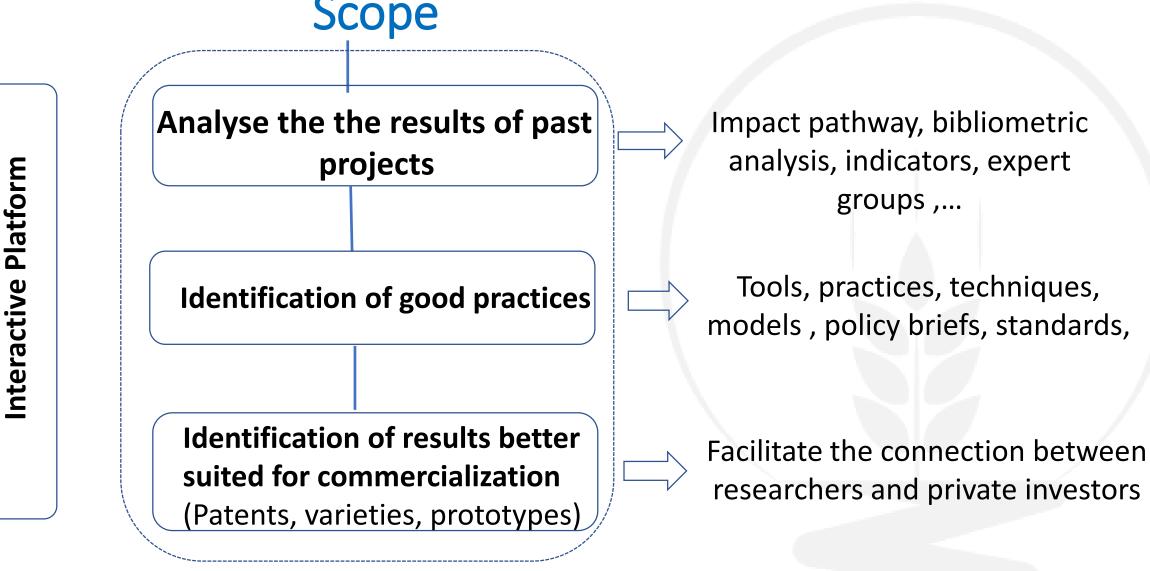
The involvement of the relevant stakeholders



Topic 1.4.2. CSA Platform for mapping and capitalisation of best practices from on-going and past experiences related to Farming system, Water management and Food Value chain in the Med area







Strategy plan for a long term sustainability of the platform







# THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

